

**REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.**

A delegate convention of the Republicans of the State of Kansas will be held in the city of Topeka, on

WEDNESDAY, JULY 10th, 1884

at 10 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for State officers and electing a Republican State Central Committee. The officers to be nominated are as follows:

- One Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.
- Associate.
- Attorney General.
- State Superintendent of Public Instruction.
- Commissioner of Agriculture.
- Commissioner of Labor.
- Commissioner of Education.
- Commissioner of Public Lands.
- Commissioner of State Printing.
- Commissioner of State Militia.
- Commissioner of State Police.
- Commissioner of State Prison.
- Commissioner of State Roads.
- Commissioner of State Railroads.
- Commissioner of State Telegraphs.
- Commissioner of State Telephones.
- Commissioner of State Waterways.
- Commissioner of State Airways.
- Commissioner of State Space.
- Commissioner of State Time.
- Commissioner of State Gravity.
- Commissioner of State Light.
- Commissioner of State Heat.
- Commissioner of State Power.
- Commissioner of State Wealth.
- Commissioner of State Honor.
- Commissioner of State Fame.
- Commissioner of State Glory.
- Commissioner of State Splendor.
- Commissioner of State Grandeur.
- Commissioner of State Majesty.
- Commissioner of State Dignity.
- Commissioner of State Nobility.
- Commissioner of State Purity.
- Commissioner of State Innocence.
- Commissioner of State Virtue.
- Commissioner of State Honor.
- Commissioner of State Fame.
- Commissioner of State Glory.
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- Commissioner of State Grandeur.
- Commissioner of State Majesty.
- Commissioner of State Dignity.
- Commissioner of State Nobility.
- Commissioner of State Purity.
- Commissioner of State Innocence.
- Commissioner of State Virtue.

**SCHEDULE.**

Committee, Votes cast, Del. Counties, Votes cast, Del.

Allen	1286	4	Nemaha	1422	5
Anderson	1188	4	Nemola	1254	4
Atchison	2192	7	Nemola	1254	4
Barber	294	1	Nemola	1254	4
Barton	294	1	Nemola	1254	4
Bourbon	294	1	Nemola	1254	4
Brown	294	1	Nemola	1254	4
Butler	294	1	Nemola	1254	4
Chase	294	1	Nemola	1254	4
Chautauque	1162	4	Pottawatomie	1400	6
Cherokee	1162	4	Pottawatomie	1400	6
Clay	1162	4	Pottawatomie	1400	6
Coffey	1162	4	Pottawatomie	1400	6
Cowley	1162	4	Pottawatomie	1400	6
Crawford	1162	4	Pottawatomie	1400	6
Ellis	1162	4	Pottawatomie	1400	6
Franklin	1162	4	Pottawatomie	1400	6
Geary	1162	4	Pottawatomie	1400	6
Grant	1162	4	Pottawatomie	1400	6
Harvey	1162	4	Pottawatomie	1400	6
Haskell	1162	4	Pottawatomie	1400	6
Hodgson	1162	4	Pottawatomie	1400	6
Jackson	1162	4	Pottawatomie	1400	6
Johnson	1162	4	Pottawatomie	1400	6
Jones	1162	4	Pottawatomie	1400	6
Kearney	1162	4	Pottawatomie	1400	6
Leavenworth	1162	4	Pottawatomie	1400	6
Lincoln	1162	4	Pottawatomie	1400	6
Logan	1162	4	Pottawatomie	1400	6
Marion	1162	4	Pottawatomie	1400	6
Marshall	1162	4	Pottawatomie	1400	6
McPherson	1162	4	Pottawatomie	1400	6
Miami	1162	4	Pottawatomie	1400	6
Mitchell	1162	4	Pottawatomie	1400	6
Montgomery	1162	4	Pottawatomie	1400	6
Morris	1162	4	Pottawatomie	1400	6
Total	99242	350			

It is recommended that delegates be selected in County Conventions on Saturday, July 12th, and that the primaries for the same be held on Saturday, July 13th, in such manner as the several Republican County Central Committees may provide.

County Central Committees should give at least two weeks' notice of the time of holding conventions, by publication in the county papers.

It is ordered that delegates forward a copy of their credentials to the Secretary of the Republican State Central Committee at Topeka, immediately following their election.

By order of the Republican State Central Committee.

A. L. REDDEN, Chairman.

W. W. WALTON, Secretary.

Topeka, May 22nd, 1884.

**THE WICHITA AND McPHERSON R. R.**

To the Editor of the Daily Eagle:

Will you please advise the voters of Wichita by whom and what responsible parties you are informed "the money is ready now to build the Wichita & McPherson railroad," and who the parties are that will furnish it, as many thinkers express doubts as to the probability of these frequent statements. The day of election is coming. Let's see dollars, and not so much wind, before we embarrass the city with a faintless pledge that may prevent us from extending required assistance to approaching realities.

W.

This query comes from some one who failed to give us his full name, and we only answer it for the reason that we do not desire to mislead the public in the least in this matter, for the value of such a connection to Wichita is all admit.

Now, from the first the local directors of the line residing in Wichita have assured us on their word and honor as gentlemen that complete arrangements had been made for the construction of the road and that the only condition imposed by the men who were to furnish the money was the voting of the bonds for stock.

"Of course we have been shown no money, nor even given the names of the men who were to furnish it."

As to the item referred to by our correspondent, its language is exactly as furnished us by a banker in this city, although in one or two respects his language was more emphatic than as given.

Of course there are many schemes and humbugs now a days; still, men must trust more or less to the honor of their fellow men. One thing they are sure of, and that is no bonds will be issued by Wichita for a paper road.

**IMPUDENCE.**

Everybody, we presume, concedes the right of certain eminent business men of New York City to meet and pass a series of resolutions endorsing anybody they want to for president, but nobody any longer is bowed down with any particular amount of reverence for the so-called eminent business talent of that city. It so happens in these latter days that there is a good deal of business talent in this country outside of New York City. Business talent that is engaged in following legitimate pursuits, and not gambling in stocks with other peoples money. The opinion of these so-called eminent business men of New York no more reflects the opinion of the business men of this country, than does the opinion of the business men of any other city or state.

**OKLAHOMA.**

A petition is being circulated which is receiving the signatures of many prominent citizens, requesting Senator Plumb to urge the passage of his Oklahoma bill. There is no question but what there is a decided change in the sentiment of the people in southern Kansas in relation to this matter. Many who were indifferent or opposed to opening that country to settlement are now strongly in favor of the government, determined at once its proper status, and if the land belongs to the government and it has not been set apart for any Indian reservation, then the people are opposed to its being controlled by cattle rings, and are in favor of its being declared open for settlement. The question ought to be determined promptly.

**AN OLD DEMOCRATIC FRIEND OF BENNETT ANSWERS WEB WILDER.**

To the Editor of the Eagle:

DEAR SIR:—I am in receipt of the DAILY EAGLE, which affords me much satisfaction to say is a credit to the publisher and the city. But the echo of the Hiawatha World does great violence to the truth of history in the statement concerning Van Bennett, and the publication of the Copperhead. The statement in the article referred to states "that Martin Van Buren Bennett was the only man in the United States who, during the war, published a paper called the Copperhead. Bennett did this in Iowa. All the time that the war lasted this traitor sat in his office and abused the Union soldiers, President Lincoln and the patriotic men and women of his native land." Bennett does not happen to be of Iowa "to the manner born," so the prose of reference to "his native land" drops out. But it is not that injustice to Bennett I write to correct. Martin Van Buren Bennett went early in the war from Knoxville, Marion county, Iowa, into the Union army as the captain of a company of one hundred democrats, stayed late and was reputed a good soldier, and came home broken in his general health. He has never, I understand, entirely recovered, but never asked for a pension. The Copperhead was not published until after the close of the war, and sometime after the death of Mr. Lincoln. Bennett, in common with democrats generally, greatly deplored the assassination of Mr. Lincoln. As they believed that he, like Greeley, Sumner, Chase, Sewell and others of the great forwarders of the Republican party earnestly desired to speedily bridge the bloody chasm. No unkind words were published in the Copperhead of Mr. Lincoln. But the folly and crime of Wilkes Booth was then denounced with the severity of invective of which Bennett is one of the great masters. I have, at present, no apology of Mr. Bennett. We parted company, politically, when he shipped with the prohibition crew. But not to defend him from the raw injustice of the Hiawatha World, were to write myself a coward.

By giving this publicity you did the article from the Hiawatha World, will be but an act of common justice.

Yours, etc.,

AMOS HARRIS.

**SHOULD APPLY TO ALL.**

Senator Cullum, of Illinois, has introduced in the senate a very important bill, which bears directly on the recent financial complications in New York. It provides that it shall not be lawful for any president, cashier, teller or other chief executive officer of any national banking association having a capital stock of \$200,000 or upwards, to engage in speculation in stocks, bonds, or other securities, or in grain, provisions, produce or oil, or in margin, on his own individual credit, or for his own personal profit, either directly or indirectly, or to have any partnership or other financial interest in the operations of any private banking or brokerage firm or business. The penalty for the violation of such law, if passed, is fixed by the bill at not less than one or more than five years. Such a law could undoubtedly do much to put a stop to the disgraceful defalcations which are occurring every week throughout the country.

A correspondent writes from Greensboro, N. C., to the Washington Republican to assure Mr. Arthur's friends that he will get two hundred votes from the South on the first ballot, and to urge the administration men in the North to hunt up 140 more. In that event the eleven additional delegates necessary to a nomination, the correspondent says, can be found in the South.

When there is a \$100,000 mortgage indebtedness per mile on railroads that cost \$20,000 and \$30,000 per mile, it is only natural that this indebtedness should fail to float at par. Everything above 20 or 30 per cent. represents wind and water.

Olin A. Carpenter, who was tried and acquitted of the murder of Zura Burns at Lincoln, Ill., a few months ago, is settling up his business in that place, preparatory to removing to Dakota.

**SEDGWICK COUNTY FRUIT.**

"We believe there will hardly be a peach in this part of the state, and in this country we fall back on the booming editor of the Wichita Eagle. If our memory serves us correctly, he had an article a few weeks ago on the peach prospect in Sedgewick county, in which he predicted a fair crop there—say, in round numbers, 17,000,000 bushels. The figures may not be exact; it may be stated a little under his estimate, but the editor of the Eagle is a man who don't care for a few figures in a matter of this kind, and we do not pretend to be exact. But we would ask him how the matter stands now, if there are still peaches enough left in Sedgewick county to supply the state. If there is, we shall be better contented with life in the far west."

No finer prospect of an abundant crop of fruit could be desired, we are happy to inform our incredulous friends of the West. Not only are the peach trees of this section laden, but the apple, plum, pear and cherry trees as well, as also the berry vines. Of course the old still clay of central Kansas is not expected to rival a natural vineyard like this valley.

When it was announced to Jay Gould eight years ago that James R. Keene was en route in a private palatial car with \$5,000,000 to use in Wall Street Mr. Gould remarked: "We will send him back in a freight car." Keene started as a milkman in California, but it remained with the Wall Street fellows to show him how milking was done.

Ward studied the method of "anything to beat Grant" better than the fellows did four years ago. He has beaten the whole Grant family, including their sisters and cousins and their father-in-law.

**THE NEW BISHOPS.**

The Methodist General Conference on Thursday last elected four bishops. The bishop on whom the eyes of Kansas people will rest with the most interest is Bishop J. M. Walden. This gentleman, on May 13th, 1887, twenty-seven years ago, started at the now dead town of Quindaro, a paper bearing the singular name of the Quindaro Chindocan, and remained doing the Lord's work as a Free State editor until June 12, 1888. In July, 1887, Mr. Walden took an active part in a Free State convention held at Topeka and reported the usual resolutions sustaining the Topeka movement, denying the validity of the Territorial Legislature, etc., etc. He was elected as a member of the house of representatives at an election held under the Topeka constitution. He was nominated as a Free State candidate for superintendent of public instruction, under the Leavenworth constitution of which document he was one of the framers.

When the future bishop left Kansas we do not know, but he went to Cincinnati, and for many years his talents as a man of business have been made available by the Methodist press and book concern. He is a sagacious, imperturbable sort of a man, biding his time and is quite sure to bring into camp anything he sets out after.

Rev. W. N. Winder, another of the bishops elected, is a scholarly man, who has preached to important churches, but is better known by his labors as a scholar.

Rev. Willard F. Mallott represents the Methodist church as it is in Boston. He is considered an able man and a fine preacher.

The brightest man of the four, and the only one of them whose name we find in the handiest encyclopedia, is Rev. Dr. Charles H. Fowler. He is by birth a Canadian, the son of a Methodist preacher, but brought up in the states. He is a broad-shouldered, hearty, witty man, full of mental and physical resources; and a better talker or writer on any subject. He it was who was selected to deliver the address for Illinois at the Centennial. He is a handy man with a pen, and for four years edited the Christian Advocate at New York. He is forty-six years of age; in the full maturity of his powers, and will be heard of—Champion.

**PIN FEATHERS.**

Mrs. Wendell Phillips is reported seriously ill. The Zephyr is the name of a paper published in Clarksville, Tenn.

A Burnham, N. C., man has patented a machine to make 200 cigarettes a minute.

It is now said that the ex-Rev. W. H. Murray is keeping a restaurant in Montreal.

Yankton, D. T., is to have a port-packing establishment with a capacity of 1,000 hogs per day.

General Grant's cottage at Elberon has been prepared for use, and the family are expected there to-day.

Professor Asa Gray, the distinguished American botanist, is visiting St. Louis, and is the guest of Mr. Henry Shaw.

General Basil W. Duke is to deliver the literary address at the Mississippi State Normal School at the commencement.

A "royal" sturgeon was caught in the Ouse, near York, England, recently. It was over seven feet in length, and weighed nearly 182 pounds.

The Rev. Arthur Little has gone to Nashville, Tenn., to deliver the commencement address before Fisk university Thursday. He will return in season to be in his pulpit next Sunday.

It is expected that nearly 1,000 members and associates of the British Scientific association will cross the ocean in August next to take part in the meeting which is to be held at Montreal.

Queen Victoria is negotiating for the purchase of the Villa Nevada, at Cannes, in which Prince Leopold breathed his last. Her intention is to convert it into a convent and chapel in memory of the Prince.

The Rev. Arthur Sloan, who was recently obliged to give up the rectorship of Christ Episcopal Church, Stratford, Conn., because of his belief in "faith cures," will soon begin religious work in New York City.

Henry William Eaton, member of Parliament for Coventry, who married the only daughter of Mr. Thomas L. Harman, of New Orleans, has just paid 6,200 guineas for Landseer's original "The Monarch of the Glen."

Miss Elizabeth Peabody, the philanthropist, celebrated her 80th birthday at her home in Boston Friday, and among those who called to congratulate her were Dr. and Mrs. O. W. Holmes, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Howells, George Parsons Lathrop and Rose Hawthorne Lathrop, Mrs. Ole Bull, and many others distinguished in literature.

**THE RESULT.**

The result of the National Republican convention is very doubtful. Mr. Blaine will probably have the most votes on the first ballot. His danger, however, lies in the fact that the delegates who are in favor of other candidates will very likely be against him from the first. Blaine is a very positive man—bold and aggressive. His friends are of the same material. His friends believe in him enthusiastically. His enemies are stubborn in their opposition. And those who are not for him are against him. If he should lack fifty or sixty votes on the first ballot, it is not at all probable that he will ever get them. President Arthur occupies the best position as a compromise candidate. His administration has been endorsed by every Republican convention yet held. If the convention can be persuaded that he can carry New York his nomination would be easy to accomplish. If we were called upon to name the candidates in the order of their strength with the people, we should do it thus: Wm. T. Sherman, Chester A. Arthur, Geo. F. Edmunds, James J. Blaine.—Ozark City Free Press.

**MR. PLUMB ANSWERS.**

Senator Plumb, of Kansas, said: "I don't want to be interviewed, and I never allow myself to be interviewed. I am a Tribune reporter came to my rooms last week, had a little talk with me, and then went off and put words into my mouth which I never uttered and which are not true."

"What did he say?"

"He made me say that the prairies were all on fire for Mr. Blaine; that he would get all the votes from our delegation, and a lot of other stuff like that, which I never said, and the publication of which caused me great annoyance."

"So it wasn't true?"

"Very far from it. My state is divided between Blaine and Arthur, about evenly, and that is all I have to say."

"How will you vote?"

"I haven't yet determined. I want to help nominate the best man and the strongest candidate, and I cannot decide that until I know what the feeling is in the other parts of the country. I am pledged to no man, and I have no instructions."

**H. KELLOGG,**

Grain and Produce Commission Merchant.

Chicago market reports received every fifteen minutes from 9:30 A. M. to 2:30 P. M. Office under Citizens Bank, Wichita, Kansas. Dealers in grain and produce invited to make my office their headquarters.

**W. J. BLOOMER & BRO.**

Groceries

AND

Queensware!

No. 80 Main St.

Though goods in our line are lower than for many years, we still offer inducements to close buyers, especially in

Sugars, Syrups, Coffees, and Teas.

We mean this. Convince yourselves.

Telephone No. 39.

Nearly opposite Wichita Wholesale Grocery.

**WICHITA FOUNDRY**

—AND—

Machine Shop!

NEAR IRON BRIDGE.

R. McFARLAND, Prop.

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FOR SALE

In the north part of the city. Apply to

J. R. TURNER,

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**J. A. STEDMAN,**

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Fire, Tornado, Life and Accident

OFFICE 100 DOUGLAS AVENUE,

Over Barnes' Drug Store.

Largest Agency in the Valley.

WANTED—A buyer for a quarter-section of good land, for sale cheap; well watered; situated in Nemaha.

J. V. DACHNEY,

(with Judge Campbell).

ROGERS,

The Photographer. Pictures in all sizes and styles. He also carries the finest assortment of picture frames in the city. Give him a friendly call and examine shingles.

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